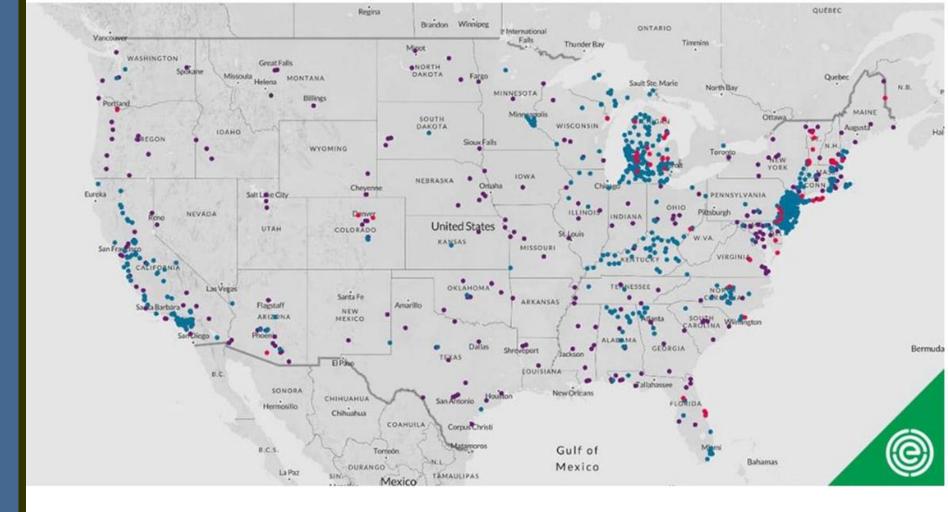




# PFAS Firefighting Foam Takeback Program



- PFAS contamination of stormwater and groundwater has been found in every state.
- PFAS chemicals such as PFOA and PFOS at sufficient levels are toxic. Every one of us likely has these chemicals in our bodies.

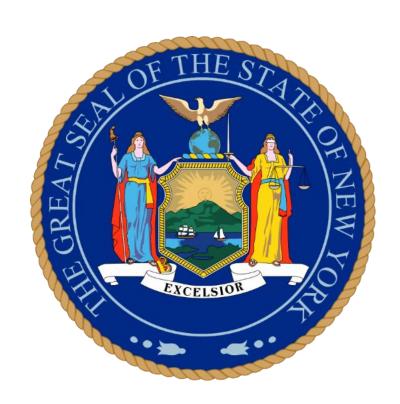


On Other Known Sites



How big is the PFAS contamination problem in Washington?

### What are other states doing?









## PFAS Foam Disposal

#### Key similarities to other programs:

- Includes legacy fire fighting foam.
- Includes municipal fire stations.
- Calls for the incineration of collected foam.
- Uses state contractor for foam collection, transport, and disposal.

#### Key differences:

- Targets all PFAS foam including long- and short-chain PFAS.
- Identifies additional stockpiles for potential future action.



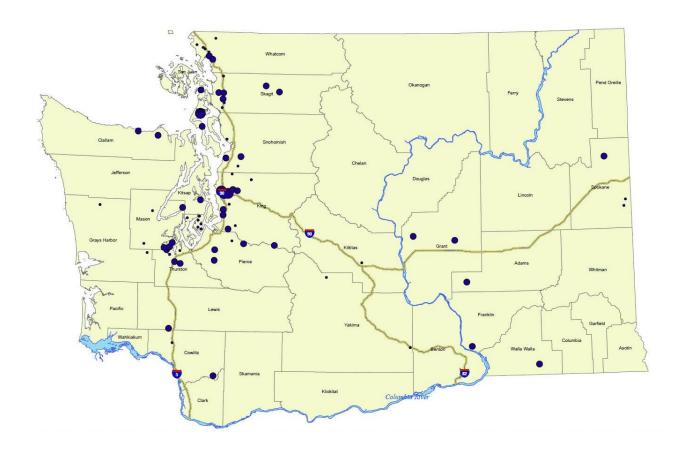
## PFAS Foam Takeback Process



- Partner with:
  - State Fire Marshal's office
  - Washington Fire Chiefs Association
- Letter with survey to all fire departments:
  - Type
  - Location
  - Quantity
  - Condition



## PFAS Foam Progress



- 60+ fire departments expressed interest in the takeback program.
- 30,000 to 40,000 gallons are identified.
- We're working with state contractors on foam collection contract conditions.
- Foam collection should begin later this month.



# PFAS added to TRI list -2020 and beyond

- 172 per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) were added to the TRI list of chemicals
- These PFAS additions are effective as of January 1, 2020.
- Businesses should track and collect data on these chemicals during 2020.
  - Reports for these chemicals will be due July 1, 2021 for the calendar year 2020
  - Reporting threshold is 100 pounds for each listed PFAS
  - Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (CASRN: 335-67-1) is 0.1%. All of the other PFAS additions have a de minimis level of 1%.



#### Thank you for your time!

For more information on the Fire Fighting Foam program, please visit:

ecology.wa.gov/ToxicsInFirefighting

